States Court of Federal Claims for a report in accordance with sections 1492 and 2509 of title 28, United States Code.

SENATE RESOLUTION 298—DESIGNATING ROOM S-131 IN THE CAPITOL AS THE MARK O. HATFIELD ROOM

Mr. BYRD (for himself, Mr. LOTT, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. Ashcroft, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Ben-NETT, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. BOND, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. BRADLEY, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BRYAN, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. BURNS, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Coats, Mr. Cochran, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CONRAD, Mr. COVER-DELL, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. D'AMATO, Mr. DEWINE, Mr. DODD, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. EXON, Mr. FAIRCLOTH, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. FORD, Mrs. Frahm, Mr. Frist, Mr. Glenn, Mr. GORTON, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. GRAMM, Mr. GRAMS, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. GREGG, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. HATCH, Mr. HEFLIN, Mr. HELMS, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Johnston, Mrs. Kassebaum, Mr. Kempthorne, Mr.Kennedy, Mr. KERREY, Mr. KERRY, Mr. KOHL, Mr. Kyl, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Leahy, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. MACK, Mr. McCain, Mr. McConnell, Ms. MIKULSKI, Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN, Mr. MOYNIHAN, Mr. MURKOWSKI, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. NICKLES, Mr. NUNN, Mr. PELL, Mr. PRESSLER, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. REID, Mr. ROBB, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. ROTH, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. Shelby, Mr. Simon, Mr. Simpson, Mr. SMITH, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Thomp-SON, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. WARNER, Mr. WELLSTONE, and Mr. WYDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 298

Whereas Senator Mark O. Hatfield, the son of Charles Hatfield (a railroad construction blacksmith) and Dovie Odom Hatfield (a school teacher), upon the completion of the 104th Congress, will have served in the United States Senate with great distinction for 30 years;

Whereas Senator Mark O. Hatfield is the longest serving United States Senator from Oregon:

Whereas Senator Mark O. Hatfield serves on the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Rules and Administration, the Joint Committee on the Library, and the Joint Committee on Printing:

Whereas Senator Mark O. Hatfield serves as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and has provided for the development of major public works projects throughout the State of Oregon, the Pacific Northwest, and the rest of the Nation:

Whereas Senator Mark Ó. Hatfield has constantly worked for what he calls "the desperate human needs in our midst" by striving to improve health, education, and social service programs;

Whereas Senator Mark O. Hatfield has earned bipartisan respect from his Senate colleagues for his unique ability to work across party lines to build coalitions which secure the enactment of legislation; and

Whereas it is appropriate that a room in the United States Capitol Building be named in honor of Senator Mark O. Hatfield as a reminder to present and future generations of his outstanding service as a United States Senator: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That room S. 131 in the United States Capitol Building is hereby designated as, and shall hereafter be known as, the "Mark O. Hatfield Room" in recognition of the selfless and dedicated service provided by Senator Mark O. Hatfield to the Senate, our Nation, and its people.

SENATE RESOLUTION 299—RELAT-ING TO THE SENATE ARMS CON-TROL OBSERVER GROUP

Mr. LOTT (for himself, and Mr. DASCHLE) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 299

Resolved, That subsection (a) of the first section of Senate Resolution 149, agreed to October 5, 1993 (103d Congress, 1st Session), is amended by striking "until December 31, 1996" and inserting "until December 31, 1998".

SENATE RESOLUTION 300—TO DES-IGNATE NATIONAL SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME AWARENESS WEEK

Mr. WELLSTONE (for himself, Mr. INOUYE, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. DODD, Mrs. FRAHM, Mr. REID, Mr. GLENN, Mr. EXON, Mrs. BOXER and Mr. KENNEDY) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 300

Whereas Shaken Baby Syndrome describes the consequences that occur when a young child is violently shaken;

Whereas Shaken Baby Syndrome is so lethal that 20 to 25 percent of its victims die, and most survivors suffer brain damage;

Whereas Shaken Baby Syndrome accounts for 10 to 12 percent of all child abuse and neglect cases in the United States;

Whereas 25 to 50 percent of teenagers and adults do not know that shaking a baby is dangerous;

Whereas education is the key to preventing this tragedy; and

Whereas the United States has a continuing commitment to the health and safety of this Nation's children:

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate designates the week of November 3, 1996, as "National Shaken Baby Syndrome Awareness Week". The President is requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

• Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, I submit a resolution designating the week of November 3, 1996 as National Shaken Baby Syndrome Awareness Week. America's children are its most priceless and irreplaceable resource, and I am proud to lend them my voice in the U.S. Senate. Today, I speak for America's children as I urge my colleagues to consider this important resolution.

Shaking a baby causes serious brain injury. A baby's head accounts for onefourth of its weight and is supported by weak and underdeveloped neck muscles. When a baby is shaken, it causes the brain to rock back and forth, hitting the skull with great force. This can cause the brain to bleed, bruise, or swell, resulting in the possibility of blindness, deafness, paralysis, epilepsy, cerebral palsy, and developmental disability. In many cases, this can also lead to death.

Brandon and Teddy are two very special little boys from my home State of Minnesota. They are survivors of a common and deadly form of child abuse that is often committed out of simple ignorance. Brandon and Teddy were violently shaken by their birth mothers out of frustration. This type of abuse and its resulting injuries are known as shaken baby syndrome or SBS.

Brandon and Teddy are survivors, but they will bear the scars of their abuse for the rest of their lives. Both boys have been adopted and are receiving expert care from a committed and loving family. Brandon is 6 years old and is stricken with a permanent brain injury. He has a seizure disorder, shunts in his head, and a permanent blind spot as a result of being shaken. Brandon receives special education services and learns very slowly. Teddy is 4 years old and does not speak. His brain injury impacts his problem-solving capability and his education is a long and tedious process. Teddy will probably never be able to live independent of a care-giver.

Brandon and Teddy's injuries were entirely preventable. A study by the Ohio Research Institute on Child Abuse Prevention indicates that 25 to 50 percent of adults do not know that shaking a baby is dangerous. Education of adult and teenage child care providers is the key to preventing the tragic consequences of SBS. According to studies by the U.S. Advisory Board on Child Abuse and Neglect, SBS is so lethal that over 20 percent of its victims die from the resulting injuries. These injuries may account for over 10 percent of all physical child abuse deaths in the United States.

On November 10, 1996, the first National Conference on Shaken Baby Syndrome will convene in Salt Lake City, UT. At this conference a coalition of families, doctors, law enforcement people, and child protection officials will gather to discuss the issues surrounding SBS. These committed individuals will work to educate medical professionals about the symptoms of SBS, push for more severe penalties for perpetrators, and teach all segments of the public that it's never OK to shake a baby.

Mr. President this resolution emphasizes the importance of this historic conference. It is my hope that the Senate will continue its commitment to the health and safety of America's children by supporting this resolution.

I ask unanimous consent that the list of supporting agencies be listed in the RECORD.